Leveraging Faith-based Organizations and Volunteer Groups in Addressing Unsheltered Homelessness

September 2022



Introduction: Homebase



Patrick Wigmore
Deputy Director



Maddie Nation Senior Policy Analyst

Leveraging Faith-Based Organizations and Volunteer Groups in Addressing Unsheltered Homelessness

- Welcome and Introductions
- Intersection of Unsheltered
 Homelessness and Faith Based /
 Volunteer Groups
- Unsheltered Action Lab
- Community Example
- Wrap Up @ 3:30



Responding to Unsheltered Homelessness

- HUD's <u>2020 Annual Homeless Assessment</u> <u>Report (AHAR)</u> marked the first time since data collection began that *more* individuals experiencing homelessness were unsheltered than were sheltered.
- In 2020, Texas reported **13,212** people living unsheltered.
 - This was the second highest number of unsheltered people by state in the country (after California).



Why focus on leveraging faith-based and volunteer groups?



Common Benefits



Common Challenges

- SOLO: Faith-based or volunteer groups are the community's only response to unsheltered homelessness
- SILOES: Faith-based groups/volunteer groups and all other entities responding to homelessness are not communicating
- SCORN: Other entities responding to homelessness are openly antagonistic towards faith-based or volunteer groups

Areas of Intersection

Categories of Interventions Often Found to Assist the Unsheltered Homeless Population

Outreach, Health, and Safety Strategies

Strategies that improve people's lives when they are unsheltered and may help link people to shelter and crisis housing interventions, but do not actually shelter or house people directly.

- Street outreach and engagement strategies
- · In-reach into institutional settings
- Encampment resolution policies
- · Law enforcement measures
- Public health interventions
- Safe Parking
- Hygiene stations
- Sanctioned encampments

Emergency Shelter and Other Crisis Housing Interventions

Interventions that move people from being unsheltered to being sheltered and are temporary in nature.

- Emergency shelter
- Transportation assistance
- · Navigation centers
- Transitional housingHotel/motel vouchers
- Family reunification (temporary)
- Host homes (temporary)
- Shared housing (temporary)

Rapid Re-housing, Short Term, and One-time Housing Assistance

Interventions that support people moving into their own homes with time-limited financial assistance and/or other services.

- Rapid re-housing
- Shallow subsidies & Timelimited assistance (not TH)
- Non-rent financial assistance
- Move-in assistance
- Family reunification (permanent)
- Host homes (permanent)
- Shared housing (permanent)

Non-Time-Limited Housing Assistance & Other Affordable Housing Opportunities

Interventions that provide permanent housing solutions—this topic will not be covered at this convening, as the evidence base on permanent housing as a strategy to address unsheltered homelessness is established.

- PSH
- Mainstream federal housing assistance (HCV/PH)
- Local affordable housing (tax credit, inclusionary zoning)
- SROs, ADUs, & other zoning changes



Innovative Models for Serving Individuals Experiencing Unsheltered Homelessness

Please note, each of the following models is subject to local variation.

Model Definition

| Host Homes | Temporary accommodation with a community host |
|---|---|
| Mobile Showers | Self-contained shower units that can be moved; can offer co-located services |
| Safe Spaces or Day Centers | Designated locations where individuals experiencing homelessness can spend the day; can offer co-located services |
| Safe Parking or Tent Parking Lot | Designated parking lot for sleeping (in a tent or vehicle) with standards for operations and services |
| Sanctioned Encampments or Safe Ground | Government-approved campground with standards for operations and services, can be self-governed or operated by a government entity or non-profit |
| Street Outreach or Encampment Outreach | Volunteers/staff in the field or a set location, working with homeless individuals to meet their basic needs and facilitate connections to shelter or housing |
| Tiny Homes | Quick construction buildings used as <i>permanent</i> housing; typically includes in-unit electricity, water, bathroom, and kitchen |
| Tuff Sheds or Pallet Shelters or Structured Tents | Quick construction buildings used as <i>temporary</i> shelter; bathroom and kitchen are separate from the sleeping quarters and shared with other on-site residents |
| Winter Shelter or Rotating Shelter | Short-term shelters in buildings typically used for another purpose (e.g., church basements, schools, libraries) |

Unsheltered Action Lab



Goals of the Action Lab

- Learn from organizations doing this work
- Build administrative capacity (e.g., funding, staff structures)
- Partner with local government & the community (identifying funding sources, working with the CoC, overcoming community resistance)

Structure of the Action Lab

20 Bay Area organizations

6 monthly meetings, 2 hours/each

~0.1 FTE staff support (Homebase)



GREATER RICHMOND INTERFAITH PROGRAM

At GRIP, We Care!







Sonoma Applied Village Services















24 Hour Oakland Parent Teacher Children Center



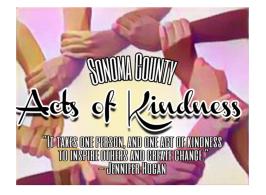






Gospel-based direct service for San Jose's poor







INTERFAITH **COUNCIL OF ALAMEDA COUNTY**



Selecting Participant Organizations

- Hosted an information session with CoC, county, and city governments
 - Asked them for recommendations
 - "Snowball" recommendations
- Publicized through email outreach, word-ofmouth

| | Topics |
|---------|---|
| Month 1 | Goal Setting for Participation in the Unsheltered Action Lab |
| | Innovative Models for Addressing Unsheltered Homelessness |
| Month 2 | Getting Clients Connected to Shelter and Housing: State, CoC, and other Federal Resources |
| | Safe Parking, Tent Parking Lots, and Storage Solutions |
| Month 3 | Effectively Working with Local Government |
| | Street Outreach & Workforce Development |
| Month 4 | Becoming a 501(c)(3) and Managing Finances |
| | Supporting Encampments & Mobile Hygiene |
| Month 5 | Grant Writing & Collecting Data about Impact |
| | Tiny Homes, Pallet Shelters, Tuff Sheds (as temporary shelter) |
| Month 6 | Harm Reduction Principles |
| | Hearing from Individuals with Lived Experience |

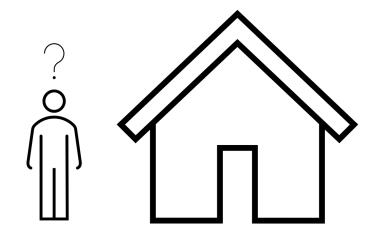
Sample Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions
- Homebase/Topic Expert Presentation: Capacity Building Topic
- Provider Presentation: Innovative Model
- Discussion & Resource Sharing



Example: Why should we try to connect clients to housing or shelter?

- Make the option available to anyone who wants it.
- These opportunities can be difficult to access without assistance.
- Homelessness ends with housing.



Chat Question: Has your organization successfully helped connect someone to housing or shelter before?

Homelessness System of Care

Continuum of Care

County Government

City Government

Non-Profit Providers

Workforce Development

Education Systems

Public Housing Authority

State Agencies

Healthcare Systems

Veterans Affairs

Child Welfare

Adult Welfare



Navigation Tools



2-1-1



Continuum of Care



Local Experts

Chat Question: Which local experts have you worked with before?



Overview of Models

See Meeting Packet



Key Takeaways - Action Lab

- Many groups are trying to connect clients to housing through relationships with the Continuum of Care (CoC) and housing providers, but there are on-going issues with availability of resources.
- Many of the innovative models are well suited for small groups who can be nimble and add system-wide value by exploring how to make the models more effective.
- There is a significant amount of local knowledge about the innovative models to addressing unsheltered homelessness.

Key Takeaways - Action Lab

- Intentionally collect both quantitative and qualitative data to show your impact.
- Don't neglect the administrative aspects of your organization; find board members or volunteers who can help you build a strong organization
- Networking is critical for being effective in this space.

Hearing from You!



Peer Learning: Tips

- Keep the agenda light and open.
- Find your local experts.
- Identify a regular time and space to meet
- Encourage everyone to share even if they haven't
 100% figured it out yet.



Thank You!

